

PHE-11: QUANTUM MECHANICS  
AND APPLICATION

F.M - 70

TIME - 3 hours

Answer from all the section as per instructions.

## Section I

Compulsory multiple choice questions  $10 \times 2 = 20$ 

- I. (a) The concept of matter wave was suggested

by (i) Heisenberg (ii) deBroglie (iii) Schrödinger

(iv) Laplace

Ans: (ii) deBroglie

- (b) The total probability of finding the particle in space must be

(i) zero (ii) unity (iii) infinity (iv) double

Ans: (ii) unity

- (c) The limit of a region II for a square well potential is

(i)  $-a < x < 0$  (ii)  $a < x < a$  (iii)  $-a < x < a$

(iv)  $-a < x < -a$

Ans: (iii)  $-a < x < a$

- (d) Any wave function having symmetry property is said to be \_\_\_\_\_ parity

(i) zero (ii) Even (iii) Odd (iv) Infinite

Ans: (ii) Even

- (e) If A and B are canonically conjugate pair of operators then  $[A, B]$  is

(i)  $\frac{\hbar}{2}$  (ii)  $\vec{L}$  (iii)  $\vec{h}$  (iv)  $\vec{\nabla}$

Ans: (iii)  $\vec{h}$

(AT.O) ①

- (f) The ground state energy for simple harmonic oscillator is
- (i)  $\hbar\omega$
  - (ii)  $\frac{1}{2}\hbar\omega$
  - (iii)  $\frac{3}{2}\hbar\omega$
  - (iv)  $\frac{5}{2}\hbar\omega$

Ans.  $\frac{1}{2}\hbar\omega$

- (g) Time dependent Schrodinger's equation in shorter form is given by  $H\Psi = i\hbar\frac{\partial\Psi}{\partial t}$
- (i)  $\hbar\Psi^2$
  - (ii)  $E$
  - (iii)  $E + \hbar\frac{\partial\Psi}{\partial t}$
  - (iv)  $\hbar\Psi$

Ans. (iv)  $\hbar\Psi$

- (h) The set of eigen functions  $(C_1\Psi_1 + S_1\Psi_1)$  form a space known as
- (i) Configuration
  - (ii) eigen
  - (iii) phase
  - (iv) Imaginary

Ans. (ii) eigen

- (i) If there exist only one eigenfunction corresponding to a given eigen value, then the eigen value is called
- (i) Nondegenerate
  - (ii) degenerate
  - (iii) discrete
  - (iv) Continuum

Ans. degenerate

- (j) The square of the magnitude of the wave function is called
- (i) Current density
  - (ii) probability density
  - (iii) zero density
  - (iv) volume density

Ans. (ii) probability density

### PART - B

(short answer type questions)

Answer any four in brief

$4 \times 5 = 20$

- Q. Derive one dimensional Schrodinger equation for a free particle

(2)

(P.T.O)

3. What do you mean by  $|4|^2$
4. Define Expectation Value of position and Momentum.
5. Define stationary state of wave function
6. Derive Bohr's angular momentum quantization condition for the Bohr atom from deBroglie relation.
7. The unnormalised wavefunction of a system is given by  $ze^{-x^2/2}$ . obtain the value of its normalisation constant.
8. Show that the average value of  $x$  for a simple harmonic oscillator is the  $n$ th quantum state is zero.
9. show that  $[x, p_x] = i\hbar$

### PART C

Long answer Type Questions  
Answer any two questions

$$15 \times 2 = 30$$

10. Discuss Heisenberg Uncertainty principle and show how it is introduced in the process of measurement.
11. State quantum mechanical postulates.
12. Discuss the motion of wavepacket and derive the expression of group velocity of wave packet.
13. Set up Hamiltonian for Simple Harmonic oscillator and draw the energy level diagram of simple harmonic oscillator.